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## Great Walls of Malaysia

He shares a name with a famous builder from ancient times, and wants to shore up the world with his structures. Meet Dr Nehemiah Lee, wall builder extraordinaire. >SM4



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# Shoring up the world

We see them everywhere, those concrete walls made up of hexagons, soaring across highways and bearing flyovers. They are Nehemiah Walls, proudly designed and built in Malaysia, and going global now.

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**W**HEN China's first emperor, Qin Shi Huang, commanded that a wall be built across the northern boundaries of his kingdom in the 3rd century, he probably didn't think it would become one of the world's greatest man-made wonders.

The Great Wall of China, stretching over 6,000km, is a marvel of human industry, as it was constructed by hand, using stones and compressed earth.

Many walls of various materials - the great walls of Jerusalem built by Nehemiah during Biblical times, the zigzags of ancient Mesopotamia built between 2200BC and 1900BC, and the Great Pyramids of Giza in Egypt, finished about 2500BC. And they are all handmade, with only a single machine.

These ancient achievements have greatly inspired Dr Nehemiah Lee since young. In September 1981, Dr Lee started a company called Nehemiah Anchored Earth specialising in designing, supplying, and constructing walls using his own patented reinforced soil system.

Others are you have seen a Nehemiah Wall while travelling across busy interchanges, highways, and flyovers around Malaysia. They were a distinctive facade of reinforcing hexagonal concrete blocks.

You probably thought the walls were built using foreign technology - most Malaysians think that when it comes to any big project, the latest and greatest technology is used in Malaysia. And now, they are being built by Dr Lee's company around the world: you can see them in parts of Bangladesh, Brazil, India, Singapore, Sri Lanka, and Vietnam, and in Australia and Hong Kong.

"The concept is based on reinforced soil technology that dates back to ancient times, such as when the Incas built stone walls in an ancient Egypt building blocks that were interlocked with one another and then embedded," explains Dr Lee, 51, in his office in Kota Damansara, Selangor.

"It is better and breaks easily. The stone remains in. The bricks used for the Great Wall of China had plaster that as reinforcement. Similarly in modern days, we use steel to reinforce concrete or cast."

A Nehemiah Wall consists of three major components: a facade, reinforcing bars, and soil.

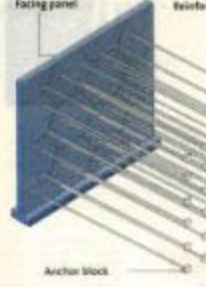
The facade, or facing panel, comprises hexagonal, honeycomb-shaped blocks of pre-cast concrete, each interlocked with adjacent blocks. The steel reinforcing bars, which are embedded in the facade, are made of three steel bars, with each bar secured by an anchor block (see graphic, right).

A major disadvantage of conventional reinforced concrete walls is their rigidity. A rigid structure is unable to absorb or release its load-bearing capacity, which causes the crack along the entire structure, and soil cracks when loads change unexpectedly.

"And cracks are the start of failure," points out Dr Lee. "Water will seep through with soil



Nehemiah Walls can be funky! This vividly coloured one supports the Kuala Perlis-Changlun interchange. - Photos from Nehemiah Reinforced Soil Sdn Bhd



The Nehemiah anchored earth wall system

into the cracks, internal erosion takes place, and water seeps behind the wall and starts chipping it. The wall collapses."

A Nehemiah Wall's interlocking panels allow it to bear different loads along its surface up to a certain point. Their flexibility allows expansion, and joints have fibres to allow water to escape but not soil.

Also, that non-rectangular shape was chosen not for its good looks but because it is, structurally, the strongest shape. With a combination of design, stress concentrates on the sharp corners, whereas with hexagons, any soil movement will cause pressure to dissipate along their six faces to offer better protection. Even the reinforcing steel bars are compression-proof. The nuts securing the bars to the panels are also coated with epoxy.

Nehemiah Walls have not prevented as they can be used to digger repair, retaining walls, highway overpasses, residential highways, railway embankments, bridge abutments, housing developments, quarry operations, military walls, surrounding walls for caravans, and even dam construction.

An added advantage to this three-wall type

is that it can be installed compared with conventional reinforced concrete walls, which require a waiting period for each batch of concrete to set. Nehemiah Walls are pre-cast in Hong Kong, and are ready to be assembled, whenever they are required. Quickly constructed, easy to cut and, more importantly, green - this is vital in situations where green support is needed, such as at landfills.

Law Sze Shing, consultant engineer and director of GMP Construction Sdn Bhd, likes the design. "We've used Nehemiah Walls in about 30 projects that were awarded through open tenders. The advantage of the walls is their design that can tolerate differential settlement of soil using a single stretch of wall. A typical reinforced-concrete wall is unable to accommodate this and will crack."

"Using the wall starts globally at Malaysia's 10th anniversary month, it has 60 employees today, and a turnover of RM20m last year, from RM22m in 2004 and RM20m in 2005. The company has just signed an agreement with MRC, Gamuda south RM37m for a double-decking rail project from Ipoh to

"I've always been fascinated with the idea of building walls that are not for dividing people, but are strong, versatile, and useful."

DR NEHEMIAH LEE

Pushing back, Perlis, slated for completion in 2011.

Nehemiah Walls currently export to a market share of 45% and is expected to be publicly listed soon.

April 2005 in technologically sound proof, Lee offers another possible reason why the company has been so successful. "There are variations of reinforced earth walls but Dr Lee got to the most competitive pricing and quality. His team is very pleasant to work with, as its members are patient, responsive and have integrity. They don't just simply do things. They care about the project before their job scope to offer technical advice to us."

**Ready, get set...**

Dr Lee is a registered civil engineer with a Master's degree from the University of New South Wales in the United States and a diploma in geotechnical engineering from Universiti Malaysia.

He began his career by specialising first in the Government sector in the Drainage & Irrigation Department, before joining the private sector.

He wishes to recall the early days when he started out with a partner and one engineer in a tiny office in Ipoh.

"In the early 1980s I was working with Reinforced Earth, a concept developed in the 1960s by French engineer and architect Henri Vidal. He turned the concept into an engineering system and produced the idea of using reinforced soil in construction."

"I studied the system, learnt the including soil mechanics, and then I was working on my modified system while working on my Masters degree," says Dr Lee, adding that, "We always been fascinated with the idea of building walls that are not for dividing people



Cracked in the design of Dr Lee's walls are the hexagonal-shaped blocks of pre-cast concrete, each reinforced with steel bars to form the walls' skeletal structure.

but an strong, simple, and earthy."

Dr Lee's greatest inspiration remains his father, the biblical character Nehemiah who was tasked with rebuilding the walls of Jerusalem.

"Nehemiah was a very practical person, and a man of prayer. We tend to think men of prayer are men of inaction who only sit and pray - but Nehemiah acted on his plans. He was not just optimistic and idealistic but he never wavered."

"I think he'd make a very good project manager!" Dr Lee adds with a laugh, explaining that Nehemiah "completed the wall in just 52 days, so he must've had great organisation skills."

"I would like to emulate his this man. When I decided to venture out on my own, what better name to choose than Nehemiah's for both spirit and my company?"

"Yes, Dr Lee picked out his own name, and what an auspicious choice it turned out to be for his Chinese name in Chinese."

Coincidentally, in 2003, Dr Lee's workers repaired a collapsed road embankment along the East Coast Highway in Singapore.

After working for the French company for six years and construction material manufacturer Hochtief Industries for four, Dr Lee decided to start his own business and he worked a hard year. With a decade of experience under his belt, he knew the construction business would be heavy capital investment. "As soon as I got a contract, I would have to buy materials, and I had to pay for my office. Furthermore, I had to pay rental for my office where they charged by every month but made and [he received]" he says.

But he had some capital because it was his first business and he worked a hard year. His life's savings of RM200,000 were insufficient. Luckily, one bank offered him a mortgage RM150,000 loan, and he borrowed another RM100,000 from his brother and parents.

Then the results were by without a single job. Finally, the company was awarded a small project to construct a five high wall around a shopping in Seremban, Perang.

"Our first project was critical, we had to prove ourselves," says Dr Lee. "We were so desperate to get a job that I built the wall before end. It cost about RM80,000. I believed we would RM100,000. But it meant I had a track record!"

With that, he was off and running.



Dr Nehemiah Lee was inspired from seeing by the builders of ancient times who worked wonders without machinery.

knowledgeable," as Lim Tack Ming, executive director of developer Suruhan Berhad, put it.

To get to the next level, through Dr Lee needed infrastructure projects, and at that time, in the late 1980s and early 1990s, there weren't many companies involved in public sector work. But a breakthrough came when a former associate, now a contractor, hired Dr Lee to build a Public Works Department (Jabatan Kerja Raya, or JKR) the Pantar Outlets Highway in Kg Selamat near Felda 99K, Kuala Lumpur.

"My quotation was the lowest they'd received for the project. In the 1980s there were only a handful of companies in this business and they charged massive amounts," says Dr Lee.

"So we were still a new company, our project was approved with the condition that there would have to be monitoring, but we pulled through efficiently!"

That was the start of more Nehemiah Walls around the country. They are now seen in numerous public housing developments, such as the peak stations of Muzium Kuala Lumpur in Kuala Lumpur, and along the Damansara-Petaling Highway, the Perak and Seremban Expressway, Golek-Joh highway, and up in Cameron Highlands where they are used in shoring up slipping hillsides.

In Sabah and Sarawak, Nehemiah Walls are found along Jalan Tuaran in Kota Kinabalu and



One of Dr Lee's engineers at a Nehemiah Wall along the Simpang Petai-Kemping Road stretch of East-West Highway E. Despite the hefty terrain that posed many obstacles, Dr Lee is proud to say that his company built the country's highest reinforced soil wall.

reporting the approaches to the Merdeka Bridge in Kuching.

Singapore's Upper Serangoon Road as well as various junctions and flyovers in India and Bangladesh also have approaches supported by Nehemiah Walls.

However, it is a local project that Dr Lee is most proud of, building a wall along the Simpang Petai-Kemping Road-Ling-Kuala Berang stretch on the Second East-West Highway for the JKR in 2000. A section of the highway that was to pass through the construction site of Perak's Malaysia's Main Range road was a land viaduct, and Dr Lee's company was awarded the project.

The contractor and army terrain proved extremely challenging, as it prevented the use of heavy machinery. Nehemiah Walls came up with an alternative traditional wall design with their retaining bars to minimise the amount of excavations.

"Using the wall starts globally at Malaysia's highest reinforced soil wall at 20.5m, pushing to next level and the all a competitor's claim that Dr Lee's walls would be higher than 30m."

**Guided by God**

In 2001, Nehemiah Walls was awarded the prestigious internationally-recognised ISO 9001:2000 Quality Management System standard by Uag's Register Quality Assurance.

But the quiet, philosophical Dr Lee is not one to blow his own horn, saying humbly that he owes his success to "God's invisible hand" and to the practice of conducting his business with integrity. Now that, in the construction business, is truly something to boast about.

"We absolutely refuse to indulge in bribery or to practice any form of mismanagement whatsoever," he says sincerely. "My staff

know the value of personal integrity. The day we do not live by this principle in the day we'll start seeing 'cracks' in our walls, not in our character."

The been very disappointed not because of losses but by betrayal by trained clients. One used my reputation and research to tender for a large project. But upon winning the contract, he appointed another company as the sub-contractor.

"Never mind that. I have a small project, but I lost a friend too. Although later I discovered that the project ran into trouble. I'd credit that project unexpected problems, if I had taken on the project, I might not have detected that. It would have caused permanent damage to the reputation of any young company then."

"My faith in God was affirmed, as I believe He provided me from a disastrous deal in this new experience too."

There must be something in Dr Lee's belief for even the 1997 recession, downturn turned out to be a blessing in disguise for his company.

"We couldn't cope with the demand and we were working incredibly early hours on multiple projects. When the jobs started to dry, the period allowed us to catch up. It meant to assess our operations, and plan. It also helped that the recession lowered the price of raw materials," says Dr Lee.

And while the current economic scenario has seen private housing projects slowing down, the public infrastructure sector is still burning along, and that's the area where Nehemiah Walls can put off its best work.

A Nehemiah Wall can last up to 120 years, says Dr Lee. It may not last as long as the Great Wall of China or water lining, but for a man who has only ever wanted to build one wall, they will do.

Projects started coming in then, slowly but steadily, as word of Dr Lee's team spread. "They are professional, experienced, and